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Listing of the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Amendments to the Claims

1. (currently amended) A first-order crossover network for dividing an_input audio signal into high and low frequency bands at a crossover frequency in a loudspeaker system having first and second loudspeakers having respective impedance, each loudspeaker having positive and negative terminals, the first-order crossover network comprising:

a first component of the input audio signal coupled to the first loudspeaker to form a low-pass filter for providing the first loudspeaker low frequency band signals; and

a second component of the input audio signal coupled to the second loudspeaker to form a high-pass filter for providing the second loudspeaker high frequency band signals, wherein

the low-pass and the high-pass filters are first-order filters and wherein the first component is coupled in series to the first loudspeaker connected in a first polarity, the second component is coupled in series to the second loudspeaker connected in a second polarity, and the second polarity is an inverse of the first polarity, and impedances of the first and second components are selected such that a phase difference at the crossover frequency between respective responses of the first and second loudspeakers is equal to or greater than 38 degrees and not no greater than 60 degrees.

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- 2. (original) The crossover network of claim 1, wherein the responses are acoustic responses.
- 3. (original) The crossover network of claim 1, wherein the responses are electrical responses.

4. (canceled)

- 5. (previously presented) The crossover network of claim 1, wherein the first component is an inductor, the second component is a capacitor, and impedance of the inductor and the capacitor is selected such that the phase shift for each filter is no less than 60 degrees.
- 6. (original) The crossover network of claim 5, wherein the input audio signals are equalized to flatten combined response of the first and second loudspeakers.
- 7. (original) The crossover network of claim 6, wherein the combined response at the crossover frequency is raised.
- 8. (original) The crossover network of claim 7, wherein the combined response at the crossover frequency is raised by about 4.5 decibels.
- 9. (original) The crossover network of claim 1, wherein combined response of the first and second loudspeakers is no greater than -6 decibels.

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10. (original) The crossover network of claim 9, wherein the combined response is no less than -10 decibels.

- 11. (previously presented) The crossover network of claim 1, wherein the phase difference is between 38 and 40 degrees.
- 12. (currently amended) A loudspeaker system comprising: first and second loudspeakers having respective impedances, each loudspeaker having positive and negative terminals; and

a crossover network, being a first-order network, for dividing an input audio signals into high and low frequency bands at a crossover frequency, the crossover network including first and second components respectively coupled to the first and second loudspeakers to form respective low-pass and high-pass filters for providing the low and high frequency band signals to the respective first and second loudspeakers, wherein

the low-pass and high-pass filters are first-order filters and wherein the first component is coupled in series to the first loudspeaker connected in a first polarity, the second component is coupled in series to the second loudspeaker connected in a second polarity, and the second polarity is an inverse of the first polarity, and the impedance of the first and second components is selected, such that a phase difference between respective responses of the first and second loudspeakers is equal to or greater than 38 degrees and not no greater than 60 degrees at the crossover frequency.

- 13. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 12, wherein the responses are acoustic.
- 14. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 13, wherein the responses are electrical.

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15. (canceled)

- 16. (currently amended) The loudspeaker system of claim 12 wherein the first component is an inductor, the second component is a capacitor, and impedance of the inductor and the capacitor is selected such that the phase shift for each filter is no less than 60 degrees.
- 17. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 16, further comprising an equalizer for equalizing the input audio signals to flatten combined response of the first and second loudspeakers.
- 18. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 17, wherein the combined response at the crossover frequency is raised.
- 19. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 18, wherein the combined response at the crossover frequency is raised by 4.5 decibels.
- 20. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 14, wherein combined response of the first and second loudspeakers is no greater than 6 decibels.
- 21. (original) The loudspeaker system of claim 20, wherein the combined response is no less than -10 decibels.
- 22. (currently amended) A method for generating output signals from a loudspeaker system having first and second loudspeakers, the method comprising the steps of:

passing an audio signal to a first-order crossover network including low-pass and high-pass filters;

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coupling the low-pass filter to the first loudspeaker connected in a first polarity, and coupling the high-pass filter to the second loudspeaker connected in a second polarity, wherein the second polarity is an inverse of the first polarity; and

selecting impedances of the first and second filters, such that each filter has a frequency response of no greater than -6 decibels at a crossover frequency, and a phase difference at a crossover frequency of output signals of the low-pass and high-pass filters is <u>equal to or greater than 38 degrees</u> and not no greater than 60 degrees.

- 23. (original) The method of claim 22, further comprising the step of equalizing input signals to equalize responses of the loudspeaker system.
- 24. (currently amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the phase difference is between 38 and 40 degrees.
- 25. (original) The method of claim 23, wherein impedance of the first loudspeaker is the same as impedance of the second loudspeaker.
- 26. (original) The method of claim 23, wherein the impedance of the first and second loudspeakers is different.